

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

NO. 24-CR-10189-AK

v.

HAROON MOHSINI,  
Defendant

ORDER ON EXCLUDABLE DELAY

KELLEY, U.S.M.J.

Defendant had an interim status conference scheduled for March 24, 2025. Mr. Mohsini asked for counsel to be appointed to his case and the court found that he qualified for court appointed counsel. Therefore new counsel was appointed, his former counsel was allowed to withdraw, and the interim status conference was continued to April 8, 2025. Today, April 8, the case was continued to June 17, 2025, at 10:30 a.m. for a further interim status conference by zoom.

With the assent of the parties, the Court finds that the interests of justice in this case, *i.e.*, to allow the parties time to prepare the case for trial or other disposition, outweigh the best interests of the public and defendant for a trial within seventy days of the date of indictment. Accordingly, it is hereby ORDERED that, pursuant to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), the Clerk of this Court enter excludable time for the period from March 24, 2025, up to and including June 17, 2025.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> The parties are hereby advised that under the provisions of Rule 2(b) of the Rules for United States Magistrates in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, any party may move for reconsideration by a district judge of the determination(s) and order(s) set forth herein within fourteen (14) days after receipt of a copy of this order, unless a different time is prescribed by this court or the district judge. The party seeking reconsideration shall file with the Clerk of this Court, and serve upon all parties, a written notice of the motion which shall specifically designate the order or part thereof to be reconsidered and the basis for the objection thereto. The district judge, upon timely motion, shall reconsider the magistrate

/s/ M. Page Kelley  
M. PAGE KELLEY  
United States Magistrate Judge

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judge's order and set aside any portion thereof found to be clearly erroneous in fact or contrary to law. The parties are further advised that the United States Court of Appeals for this Circuit has indicated that failure to comply with this rule shall preclude further appellate review. See Phinney v. Wentworth Douglas Hospital, 199 F.3d 1 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 1999); Sunview Condo. Ass'n v. Flexel Int'l, 116 F.3d 962 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 1997); Pagano v. Frank, 983 F.2d 343 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 1993).